

CALIFORNIANS HERE MEET.

MUCH EMOTION SHOWN AT THE CASINO GATHERING.

Mark Twain Presides and a Start is Made Toward Organizing the Relief Work—Many in the Audience Interrupt the Speakers—Worry About Friends.

When the Californians now living in New York gathered in the Casino Theatre yesterday morning to perfect relief plans their sense of loss in most cases personal—was so strong that the gathering turned into an experience meeting.

The Californians gathered early, and the spirit of sadness everywhere evident was at variance with the gay furnishings and the music played by the orchestra while the theatre was filling. Strangers met and talked freely of each other's personal losses.

Mark Twain, Henry Miller and Joseph D. Redding were standing on the stage when the curtain arose at 11:30 o'clock. "I shall not intrude myself to you," said Mr. Clemens as he walked to the front of the stage, "because I think you already know me. I feel that I'm here with a mission, that I—and you—have work to do, and so I shall only say of myself that I'm Samuel L. Clemens, a difficult name to remember, but take it home, if you will. Now let me first introduce a member of a profession ever first to the aid of the afflicted, Mr. Henry Miller."

Mr. Miller said the theatrical people wished to do something practical at once and that they needed the aid of every one in order that the coming benefit performance in the Casino Theatre on Sunday, April 29, would be "a telling effort to aid a part of the country our profession loves, because the people there have always shown in the past their love for us."

Mr. Miller said that Mrs. Fliske, Margaret Anglin, Arnold Daly, Blanche Bates, Henry Woodruff, De Wolf Hopper and many others had offered their services.

"Not forty-eight hours ago," said Mark Twain, "I pledged myself never to appear again before an audience that had paid to come in. I don't think I'm departing from my promise, however, because this audience must pay, not to come in, but to go out. We shall not ask for contributions here, but only that you will carry away with you a disposition to come at once to the assistance of your suffering brothers and sisters."

It was when Mr. Clemens spoke of the future hopes of the city that his hearers seemed to find a vent for their pent up emotions. Men and women rose and cheered as the speaker said:

"Our city will—will—rise again! We who are of them know their hopeful spirit, their energy and their love of life. Their energy remains, and the desire of it there will rise from ruin fair buildings and busy markets and beauty, a city even more beautiful than that which has gone."

"The heart of a nation is broken with grief. And there is one great class that will above all others respond to our appeal—the poor, I mean. The millionaire gives vast sums that go far toward helping, but his gifts are not 10 per cent. of what he has—much less than that. The poor gladly give half, three-fourths of their possessions, and it is by their dimes and quarters that the great fund will be swelled. Let the committees who will appoint I want to see one particular body represented because they know the poor and understand best how to help them—the Salvation Army."

Mr. Redding boomed Mark Twain and then pointed out these relieving features of the disaster:

"First, the loss of life, when we consider the extent of the calamity, was really infinitesimal. Secondly, the city was unique in that it had been completely and indubitably destroyed, while the blow came, and I must I shall not be misunderstood when I say that there could really be no more 'favorable' time for the disaster to fall. Never was the city in so good a condition to withstand the shock and rise above it again."

"Now, I want this meeting first to send a message to Mayor McClellan, to the city fathers, that it is not a time of annihilation but of reconstruction, and that San Francisco is now merely smoothed out, so that we may be the better begin to rebuild."

Three years ago, Mr. Redding said, San Francisco brought a Chicago architect named Burnham to the city to give all his time to rebuilding. The architect came to a cabin for himself on Twin Beach, and in two years \$30,000,000 had been advanced by the city to further the architect's plans. Little progress had been made, however, because the many rockeries in the city which the owners refused to clear out of the way.

"Now that these buildings have been swept away—this point the speaker was interrupted by a woman named Mrs. Kuhner in the audience, and from then on every one took a hand. Mrs. Kuhner said that she had been the first and many of the banknotes for California, announced that she had been on her way to Europe to see her grandchildren, but the earthquake had interrupted her trip.

And now I'm sending the money I would have spent," she said, "to my people that they may buy bread and cloth—these men and women stand up now in all parts of the house to offer suggestions or to ask questions. After two or three tried to speak at once. He tried to reassure the anxious by saying that the homeless could make their way to the Presidio, in the vicinity of which 300,000 could be housed. The authorities and quantities of water and rations at the Presidio, Oakland and surrounding towns. Mr. Redding said, and insisted that the homeless would not suffer greatly for food and water."

"We Californians understand conditions out there now better than New Yorkers," said Mr. Redding in an effort to get back to practical work. "There are three or four committees appointed now to see Mayor McClellan, Mr. Jesup and others in charge of funds to tell them that what is needed most is covering—tents, blankets, food—these are the things that are needed most."

I make a motion also that a committee composed of Mrs. Bates, Miss Blanche Bates, Mrs. Vivian, president of the Relief Committee, and Miss Margaret Anglin, go immediately to the dry goods district and ask for contributions of clothing."

Mr. Twain asked for the approval of the meeting and the motion was carried. Then Mr. Twain read the following telegram, which was later sent to Mayor McClellan:

San Francisco shall rise more beautiful than ever. We glory in the bravery of her citizens and have unbounded belief in the ability and determination to survive this great catastrophe. The spirit of our fathers still lives in their children and their children's children. The generous and spontaneous aid of the old country is with you. Sincerely, Samuel L. Clemens.

For the Californians in New York. Miss Ida Herminie rose to ask whether there was any way the telegrams of inquiry sent by anxious relatives here could have precedence over commercial messages.

Mr. Redding replied that in all his investigations he could find only five persons who had received answers to their messages and that every one must be patient until better communication was established. Immediately several arose to say they had received messages from their relatives. A message read by Mrs. Heustis said merely: "All are well."

Mrs. Prescott, who was sitting in a box,

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Now that the Fire Insurance situation throughout the United States is in a panicky condition, it is well to consult our concern and allow us to take care of your insurance.

We are the oldest brokerage concern in this city, being established since 1859, and thoroughly competent to protect and guard your interests.

J. ROMBERG & SON, Inc.,
135 WILLIAM ST.

rose and read this message from her relatives, which she had just received: "We are safe and happy, but poor."

"I'd like to see a committee appointed," said Charles K. Summerwell, "to gather together second hand clothing, which we can all give, and which is of the greatest necessities. Let this clothing be turned over to the Salvation Army for distribution."

Mrs. Vivian immediately offered the California Club's rooms at the Waldorf as a centre for leaving contributions and requested that all telegrams that gave information of any kind be sent to the relief city be also left at the club, where they could be posted.

A suggestion was followed that all present willing to help leave their cards and business addresses with the club, and a great many handed their names over the footlights.

Then there were proposals for the formation of a relief club of Native Sons and Mr. Redding asked that the theatrical and musical people get together a committee to aid the members of their own profession. Mr. Redding appointed Henry Miller treasurer of the fund for the play folk.

Ernest Piezotto, the illustrator, rose to tell of a meeting to be held at Miss Delmar's studio in the building at Fifty-fifth street, to-morrow morning, when New York and San Francisco artists would perfect plans for a sale of original drawings which they will contribute to add to the fund.

Mr. Redding said in answer to a question that the best person to send telegrams of inquiry to was the postmaster of San Francisco.

"But if you'll be patient," he said, "you'll find the newspapers will get the names you want to call on. Leave your cards to them."

The chair announced another meeting to be held at the Waldorf on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

CALIFORNIA'S GRATITUDE.

Senator Perkins Expresses It in an Affecting Speech in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Senator Perkins of California made a brief but affecting speech in the Senate to-day acknowledging the telegram of sympathy sent by the Brazilian Senate on the San Francisco calamity. At its conclusion the Senator moved that the Vice-President be instructed to make proper acknowledgment on his behalf of the Senate of the telegram, which was promptly and unanimously adopted. Mr. Perkins said:

"The expression will be appreciated by the people of my afflicted State, and while voicing the sentiments of the Senate of the United States I desire also to make in their behalf heartfelt acknowledgments. I must also take this opportunity to acknowledge the great debt of gratitude due to the Government of the United States for the large sums of money contributed in aid of the sufferers and the splendidly efficient manner in which the different agencies have been carrying out their work of relief, and to the people of the different States and cities of the Union who have contributed millions upon millions of dollars to assist the homeless, the hungry and the suffering. I desire to say that California will never be able to adequately express its deep appreciation."

"Great disasters like that which has occurred on the Pacific coast bring out most clearly the fact that the different peoples of the world are, after all, one in human sympathy, and that the differences of race and language are external only, which are swept away by calamity. It is the brotherly love that binds all men and creates the ultimate fact that all men are brothers, whatever portion of the globe they inhabit. As kindness and consideration are very helpful to the individual, so the love of a neighbor will be the expressions of brotherly sympathy from the different nations of the earth help my afflicted State to bear more easily her great burden."

I believe that our stricken city will recover from the blow with wonderful rapidity, and will justify the design of its official seal, which bears a Phoenix rising from the flames, with the motto, 'Oro en pace, ferro en guerra, or 'Gold in peace, iron in war.' In her present war with the elements, and surely raise and continue to be the great metropolis of the Pacific Coast State."

Mr. Perkins also wished to express his appreciation of the efforts of the railroads in furnishing transportation for the penniless refugees and the supplies.

NOTHER DEAD, WHERE IS SON?

Inquiry From San Francisco About a New York Suicide.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 19. GENTLEMEN: On a steamer from Madeira, Portugal, came a woman who committed suicide at the Ellis Island immigration depot, the steamer arrived February 10. A son of the deceased, residing in San Francisco, is anxious to know more about this case. Her name was Maria Rosa. We will be very thankful to you for any information. Yours truly, J. DE MENEXES.

The paper on which the letter was written showed that Menexes is the editor of *O Araucario*, the only Portuguese newspaper printed on the Pacific slope.

The letter was sent to the coroner's books as Rosa Maria Gonzales. She was 55 years old, and arrived here on the steamship Sicilian Prince on February 10. On the night of February 11 she was found in a window on the top floor of the detention building, and she died shortly afterward. In a belt about her waist were found thirty dollar gold coins, a watch, silver dollars and a gold watch chain.

The money and valuables found on the body are in the possession of the coroner and will be sent to the dead woman's son, if it is possible to find him in the ruined city. Coroner Harburger has written to Editor Menexes.

Mrs. Maria Rosa Gonzales, as the coroner's records have her, came from San Francisco and had been visiting relatives in Portugal. The reason why she was detained was that she had been declared to the immigration authorities that she hadn't money enough to pay her fare to San Francisco.

MEN TO SEE BARNARD SHOW.

"The Critic" Selected for the Annual Undergraduate Dramatic Performance.

The annual dramatic performance given by the Undergraduate Association of Barnard College promises to be more than usually interesting this year. The usual conservative policy of admitting only the girl friends of the students has been abandoned at the suggestion of Dean Gill, and fathers, brothers and others will be present.

The play is to be "The Critic," by Sheridan. The undertaking is being managed by Marie-Louise Fontaine, '06, with the following committee: Margaret E. Brown, '06; Evangeline Cole, '07; Agnes Miller, '08; and Eva von Bauer, '09. There will be three performances as follows: April 27, matinee and evening, and April 28, evening. The evening performances are to be followed by dancing.

BAIL TO ABE HUMMEL STANDS.

Appellate Division Unanimously Sustains Justice Woodward's Course.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn has handed down a decision unanimously affirming the decision of Justice John Woodward of the Appellate Division in admitting: Abe Hummel to bail in the sum of \$100,000. The opinion is written by Justice Gaylor and is concurred in by Justices Hirschberg, Jenks, Hooker and Rich.

December 30 last Hummel was convicted of conspiracy in connection with the Dodge-Morse divorce case and was sentenced to a year's imprisonment and fined \$500. He was taken to the Tombs and locked up, but the same day Justice Woodward was appealed to and he granted an order that District Attorney Jerome must show cause why a certificate of reasonable doubt should not be issued. At the same time he released Hummel on \$100,000 bail. District Attorney Jerome was informed at the adjournment of the court in admitting Hummel to bail and contented that the Justice had no jurisdiction in the matter. He began proceedings to test Justice Woodward's right to admit a convicted person to bail pending the granting of a certificate of reasonable doubt. The result was that Mr. Hummel, who with Justice Woodward was in the Appellate Division at the time, was granted a writ of habeas corpus and Justice Woodward granted the writ releasing Hummel from arrest. Then an appeal was taken to the Appellate Division against Justice Woodward's decision.

Justice Gaylor explains the law at considerable length and concludes as follows: "The requirement of notice to the District Attorney and service of a copy of a copy of the grounds of the application for a certificate of reasonable doubt, which operates as a stay pending the appeal, can be granted, is not, in the absence of language indicating a contrary intention on the part of the Legislature, to be construed as a deprivation of the power of the Justice to whom the application is addressed to let the defendant to bail pending the application, when, in the exercise of the power expressly given him by the same section, he has stayed the execution of the judgment for the purpose of the application."

These requirements serve a useful purpose in preventing the issuance of ex parte stays, operative until final judgment, but they do not require the admission of a defendant who in good faith intends to prosecute an appeal upon grounds which prima facie satisfy the Justice to whom the application is made that there is reasonable doubt whether the conviction should stand. The defendant, if he is a defendant, is entitled to a stay pending appeal, must undergo actual incarceration in order to afford the District Attorney an opportunity to contest his application and to bring to the court's attention any grounds for the granting of the stay pending appeal, which was intended to postpone the infliction of the penalty following a conviction of doubtful validity. This purpose would not be furthered by the granting of a stay to a defendant prima facie entitled to a stay and bail whose surrender in execution of the judgment could be assured by a sufficient undertaking. A temporary stay, so far from being of any benefit to the defendant, would operate to his disadvantage unless bail were allowed, for the only effect would be to add to the term of the sentence a period of preliminary imprisonment. We cannot believe the Legislature contemplated such an incongruity.

The District Attorney says some stress upon the fact that the Code, while prescribing the form of undertaking to be given where there is a stay pending appeal, makes no provision for an undertaking for the defendant's arrest, and that the defendant's release is denied. We regard this as a mere casus omnisus. The power to let bail in either case being expressly conferred, the absence of an appropriate statutory form of bond will not prevent the exercise of that power.

SHERLEY-CRITTEN.

Kentucky Congressman Married to Girl Who Was With Taft Philippines Jaunt.

A wreck, who was known as George Lumley in the cheap lodging house at 20 North William street, just off that part of Park row where human wrecks are plentiful, died on Friday afternoon. He had lived at the lodging house since February. He never seemed to have any money except what he picked up occasionally, and this he spent for whiskey. On the night before he died Lumley made many trips to the nearest bar during the night from his little partitioned room, in which was stuck a bed.

He was in pretty bad shape when he finally dragged himself up the stairs of the lodging house at the approach of dawn on Friday morning. He said he felt quite ill and wanted to be allowed to sleep late into the day. When an attendant went to call him at 4:45 o'clock Friday afternoon Lumley was dead.

The body was sent to the Morgue and papers found on it there seem to indicate that the dead man was Dr. George R. Langley, a London physician, formerly living at 111 Lambeth Place avenue, that city. There are many letters directed to him at that address. No money was found in the pockets of the dead man and there was nothing of value.

The letters were from Mrs. J. L. Merrifield of 24 Cheltenham place, London, and all of them addressed Langley as "Brother." Most of the letters were of the encouraging kind, and the writer expressed good luck and success in his new venture.

Among the papers was an elaborately engraved card at the top of which was written "Mr. and Mrs. T. BURNHAM PUGH's compliments. 1120 Thurnall Road, West Norwood, S. E."

In one corner of the card the following was written: "The body was sent to the Morgue to await a claim by relatives or friends. Although the man died early Friday afternoon no report of the case was made to the coroner's office until yesterday."

Coroner Harburger found that the case had been reported to the police of the Oak street station house, and that the body was removed and sent to the Morgue without the consent of the coroner. Harburger announced last night that he would prefer charges against Capt. Edward S. Walling, the commander of the precinct, the sergeant who had the desk at the time and the policeman who had the case.

JAIL KEEPERS TO GO.

Sheriff Flaherty Suspends Two Delinquent M. O. Men.

Sheriff Flaherty of Brooklyn has suspended two jail keepers in Raymond street jail who, he reports, had been engaged in petty grafting by favoring prisoners who were able to pay for it. The suspended keepers were active in the M. O. organization. They were receiving \$1,200 salary. Both will have to give up their jail jobs, but they will not be prosecuted. Sheriff Flaherty said:

"Every employee of the jail might as well understand now that while I am Sheriff no graft, great or small, will be tolerated in Raymond street."

Cornerstone of New St. Michael's. The cornerstone of the new St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church at Thirty-fourth street and Ninth avenue will be laid by Archbishop Farley at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The church is being built by the Pennsylvania Railroad terminal. The new church is being built by the company.

Daughter to Mrs. B. T. Wilson, Jr. Mrs. Richard T. Wilson, Jr., of 722 Fifth avenue, gave birth to a daughter on Friday. Both mother and child are reported to be doing well.

WHY NO HIGH PRESSURE MAINS.

IT TAKES MANHATTAN SOME TIME TO GET STARTED.

Doubt About Location of New Subways Said to Be the Reason for the Delay—At Any Rate, a Year is Gone and We Haven't Got the Mains Yet on This Island.

The San Francisco fire has served to draw attention to the fact that the auxiliary high pressure water service which was planned for this city has not yet been laid down, although the money for the purpose was appropriated more than a year and a half ago. The need for such a service was pointed out by Mayor McClellan in his 1905 message to the Aldermen, when he wrote:

"The disastrous conflagrations occurring last winter in Baltimore, Rochester and Toronto, together with the large fires in our own city, emphasized the need of more adequate distribution of water for fire purposes. Recommendations were made and appropriations were obtained last year for an independent high pressure service at Coney Island, and in the river front, high office building and dry goods districts. At Coney Island there was to be one central station and provision made for utilizing either salt or fresh water. The river front, high office building and dry goods districts in this borough will have a main station and a reserve station, and also provision for either fresh or salt water."

The Coney Island system has been completed and is now in operation. But progress in the installation of the auxiliary service designed for Manhattan has not been begun, so far as the laying of the mains is concerned. That part of the borough below Fourteenth street is to be equipped with the high pressure pipes. The district was divided into three sections and bids for putting down the mains were advertised for some months ago. The bids were opened about six weeks ago, but no awards have been made. The contracts for the pumping stations have been let and the work of construction is proceeding.

When Commissioner Ellison of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity was asked yesterday to explain the delay in beginning work on the mains, he said: "Because of the large number of streets which will have to be opened there is an enormous amount of preliminary work to be done in the way of mapping out the mains, and the mains should be laid so as to interfere least with the traffic while the work is being done. Then there has been difficulty with the officials of the different departments in the arranging for the issue of the necessary permits to tear up the streets, and that has led to further loss of time."

Mr. Ellison said, however, that he intended to push forward the settlement of all these preliminary details so that the work could be begun with as little further delay as possible.

That was all Mr. Ellison would permit himself to say, but it has been generally understood at the City Hall that the real cause of the delay was the desire of some of the city officials that the work of putting in the new system should be held back until the routes of the new subways have been approved by the Appellate Division. The Appellate Division has been asked to arrange for the issue of the necessary permits to tear up the streets, and that has led to further loss of time.

The Appellate Division is expected to pass on most of these routes before May 1.

LETTERS OF A HUMAN WRECK.

Found on Corpse. They Indicate That Man Was Once a Well to Do London Doctor.

A wreck, who was known as George Lumley in the cheap lodging house at 20 North William street, just off that part of Park row where human wrecks are plentiful, died on Friday afternoon. He had lived at the lodging house since February. He never seemed to have any money except what he picked up occasionally, and this he spent for whiskey. On the night before he died Lumley made many trips to the nearest bar during the night from his little partitioned room, in which was stuck a bed.

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CADET NATIONAL GUARD OUT.

It Parades 3,000 Strong in Brooklyn—Inspected in the Park.

The Cadet National Guard was out in full force in Brooklyn yesterday for its annual inspection, drill and parade. There were fully 3,000 in line, attired in neat uniform. The guard is composed of the cadet corps of the various national guard regiments, boys' brigades attached to the Sunday schools and public schools, and the American volunteer cadets. They assembled at Bedford avenue and the Eastern Parkway. With bands playing and color flying they marched to the Parade Grounds at Prospect Park, and then the annual inspection took place.

Following this was a drill, after which they marched in review before Capt. W. Atwood French, the grand marshal, and his staff. When the exercises at the park had been completed the boys had taken a rest they were reformed for parade and review and then marched to the Eastern Parkway, paying a marching salute to the Gen. Slocum statue. With alignments almost perfect, they passed in front of the Union League Club, from which they were reviewed by Gen. Horatio C. King and Adjutant-General George H. Jackson of the G. A. R. When the line reached Bedford and Lafayette avenues the parade was dismissed. The Cadet National Guard will again parade with the veterans on Memorial Day.

Baseball for Benefit of San Francisco Firemen Saved His House—He Sends Check for Dead Firemen's Children.

Fire Commissioner John H. O'Brien received in his mail yesterday a check for \$250, sent by William H. Page, Jr., a broker at 32 Liberty street. Mr. Page asked that the money be distributed among the widows and children of the four firemen who lost their lives in the Downing street fire a month ago.

Mr. Page added that he sent the check in recognition of work that the firemen did in saving his home, at 47 West Seventy-fourth street, when it was on fire three weeks ago.

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PIANOS FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

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Every piano in our warerooms is for sale at a price concession made possible by our approaching removal May 1st to

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During the few remaining days of this sale we cannot reserve pianos.

WM. KNABE & CO., 154 Fifth Ave., cor. 20th St.

After May 1st The Knabe Bldg., Cor. 5th Ave. and 39th St.

TO EACH 700 A GERANIUM.

LITTLE MOTHERS GO LADEN WITH POTTED PLANTS.

Struggles Against Adversity for the Prizes Offered to All Who Had Kept Their Plants Alive for a Whole Year—And Some of Those Who Lost Still Won.

Seven hundred "little mothers" of the East Side, ranging in age from 4 to 12 years, marched out of Webster Hall in Fourteenth street yesterday afternoon, each carrying in her arms a potted geranium in bloom, the gift of the Little Mothers' Aid Society.

But what a time there was in the hall before the plants were distributed. The association offered a prize last year to every little mother who would keep her plant alive until the next Easter festival. A good many won out, and most of those who didn't had mighty interesting complaints to make.

"Please, miss," sobbed one little girl, tears trickling down her cheeks, "give me one that won't die again. I tried so hard—honest and truly I did—but they must have been something the matter with it when I got it. I didn't do nothin' 'cept put on water 'jes' the way you told me. I didn't—'but the potted plant went away. It come back 'agin' by and by but it in a different way. It got big when it was gone away, and Sis, who is older than me, said it grew 'jes' like I do. But now [and the tears came faster] it's gone again 'an' I guess it ain't never comin' back, 'cause it never stayed away such a long time before. Please, miss, can't you give me one this time that'll stay in our home all the time?"

The teacher explained that this was quite impossible, but notified the little mother that she certainly had won one of the prizes. "I'd been on in the win, too," said one little girl who lives near the Bowery, "if it hadn't been for me brudder Bill. He cut off de plant for a full dress bouquet for his rag when I had on two weeks 't go."

One little Italian girl who lived in a back tenement at 67 Oliver street had nursed her plant industriously. On the bright sunny days she had taken it with her to the roof, "cause it couldn't get as much sunlight as I ought 't have in our house. In the cold weather she wrapped it in her dress at night and tucked it under her bed. Two weeks ago she had set it on the fire escape just to give it its first spring airing, 'an' the dirty old wall of the house fell down. The plant was buried under the bricks and the debris was being cleared, herself carrying a brick or two at a time when the workmen would let her see the remains of a geranium, but she had it with her at the celebration yesterday. There was no doubt about this little girl being entitled to a prize. The distribution of the plants, there were singing and recitations by the "little mothers" and plenty of ice cream and cake.

The little mothers came from all parts of the East Side. There was a good sized delegation from the Syrian quarter in Washington street. After the festival was all over the girls, in groups of two or three or thirty each, were escorted to their homes by policemen or the members of the aid association.

One policeman from the Delancey street station who had on a crowd of little girls from the Cherry Hill district had his hands full. They pulled his coat tails, clung to his legs and danced about him in the wildest glee. He was the most fatherly kind of a cop. He patted the little ones on the head, warned them that they would break their plants unless they behaved and at the same time shooed away a crowd of rowdy gamins who had been attracted by the flowery procession.

"Say, Liz, put us wise 't dose 'tins you're huggin'! What be dey?" said one of the geraniums to a girl in the group.

"Geraniums, 'o bloke," said she, her nose tilted in the air.

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